Optimizing Time-Performance of Streaming Schematon

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Heuristic for improving the performance of Schematron implementations which allow evaluation of individual elements

The intent of these rules is to give a validation result as soon as possible during the parse of a document. This would be of use to using Schematron to match or validate incoming documents.

1. Score each @context and @test according to the maximum number found, so that every @context or @test gets a score 0, 1 or 2.
   - ancestor=0
   - ancestor-or-self=0
   - parent=0
   - self=0
   - attribute=0
   - namespace=0
   - previous=0
   - previous-sibling=0
   - preceding=0
   - namespace=0
   - child=1
   - descendent=1
   - descendent-or-self=1
   - following-sibling=2
   - following-sibling=2 (document order)
2. If any path uses key() or id() it has a score of 2
3. Create an “up-looking schema”:
   - For each pattern, remove all rules after the first rule with a score >0.
   - For each rule, remove all assertions with a score >0
   - Remove any empty rules or patterns
4. Create a “down-looking schema”
   - For each pattern, remove all rules after the first-rule with a score of 2
   - For each rule, remove all assertions with a score of 2
   - If a rule has a score = 0, remove any assertions =0
   - Remove any empty rules or patterns
5. Create a “document-end schema”
   - If all rules have a score < 2, remove the pattern
   - If the rule has a score <2, remove all assertions with score <2
   - Remove any empty rules or patterns
6. Parse the document using a SAX parser, building a DOM dynamically.
7. At the close of each start tag, evaluate the DOM so far against the “up-looking schema”. At the arrival of a close tag, evaluate against the “down-looking schema.” At the finish of the document, evaluate against the “document-end schema.”

An optimization possible if the document has been validated against a grammar first:
   - For every element, identify the maximum possible number of occurrences for that element in a document.
   - For any rule that has required self of that element, after the first match, disable that rule.
   - For any elements where there is a sequence in the grammar a,b and b can only appear after a, if there are any patterns where one rule has a required self of a and a latter rule has a required self of b, disable rule b until rule a has fired. More complex, disable a, and then let the firing of rule b re-enable rule a.